FAST - UK FUND A-ACC-GBP

31 OCTOBER 2021

Strategy

The portfolio managers' investment approach is structured around understanding the true value of a company and taking advantage of any short term mispricing through rigorous use of price targets. They use a disciplined process to identify opportunities, evaluating each one against five criteria: fundamentals, franchise, valuation, sentiment and change potential. The portfolio is managed using an "active strategy". This allows the managers to use short positions and also to increase the amount invested in the long portfolio when they find attractive investment opportunities. The managers can also use options to enhance return and manage risk. The portfolio is relatively concentrated and can have significant deviations from the market at both the stock and sector level. The typical range for net market exposure will be around 90-110% of fund TNA under normal market conditions.

Objectives & Investment Policy

- Aims to provide long-term capital growth
- Aims to provide ind-term capital growth.

 At least 70% invested in shares and related instruments that provide exposure to companies that have their head office in, are listed in, or have a main part of their activity in the UK.

 Can use derivatives with the aim of risk or cost reduction or to generate additional capital or income in line with the funds' risk profile. May also make extensive use of derivatives including more complex instruments or strategies to achieve the investment objective and these may result in leverage. In such situations performance may rise or fall more than it would have done otherwise, reflecting such additional exposure.
- The fund has the freedom to invest outside its principal aeographies, market sectors, industries or
- The fund has the necessary as a second control of the fund is actively managed. The Investment Manager will reference FTSE All Share Index (the "Index") by seeking to outperform it. The fund's performance should be assessed against its Index. The Investment Manager has a wide range of discretion relative to the Index. While the fund will hold assets that are components of the Index, it also is expected to invest in companies, sectors, countries and security types that have different weightings from, and may not be included in the Index in order to take advantage of investment opportunities. Income earned by the fund is accumulated in the share price.

- Shares can usually be bought and sold each business day of the fund.

 With effect from 6 December 2021, this fund will merge into Fidelity Funds UK Special Situations Fund

Fund Facts

Launch date: 14 ft3 11

Portfolio manager: Aruna Karunathilake, Karan Singh

Appointed to fund: 14.03.11, 01.10.20

Years at Fidelity: 22, 8

Fund size: £19m

Number of positions in fund*: Long 44 / Short 17 Fund reference currency: UK Sterling (GBP)

Fund domicile: Luxembourg

Fund legal structure: SICAV

Management company: FIL Investment Management (Luxembourg) S.A.

Capital quarantee: No

Portfolio Turnover Cost (PTC): 0.12% Portfolio Turnover Rate (PTR): 38.54%

*A definition of positions can be found on page 3 of this factsheet in the section titled "How data is calculated and presented."

Share Class Facts

Other share classes may be available. Please refer to the prospectus for more details.

Launch date: 14.03.11

NAV price in share class currency: 250.07

ISIN: LU0525802699 SEDOL: B4M9RL2 WKN: A1JH5F

Bloomberg: FASUKAS LX

Dealing cut-off: 12:00 UK time (normally 13:00 Central European Time)

Distribution type: Accumulating

Ongoing Charges Figure (OCF) per year: 2.00% (30.09.20)

OCF takes into account annual management charge per year: 1.50%

Performance fee: 20% of the out-performance if the class exceeds the return of the Index by more than 2% annualised. 0.00% year ended 30.09.20.

Independent Assessment

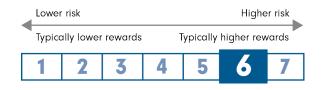
Information in this section is the latest available at date of publication. Further details can be found in the Glossary section of this factsheet. As some ratings agencies may use past performance to produce their assessments, these are not a reliable indicator of future results.

Morningstar Style Box ® Large Medium

Overall Morningstar ™ Rating: Scope Rating: (B)

Share Class Risk and Reward Profile

This risk indicator is taken from the key information document at the relevant monthend. Because it may be updated during a month, please refer to the key information document for the most up-to-date information.



- The risk category was calculated using historical performance data.
- The risk category may not be a reliable indication of the future risk profile of the fund, is not guaranteed and may change over time.
- The lowest category does not mean a "risk free" investment.
- The risk and reward profile is classified by the level of historical fluctuation of the Net Asset Values of the share class, and within this classification, categories 1-2 indicate a low level of historical fluctuations, 3-5 a medium level and 6-7 a high

Important Information

The value of your investment may fall as well as rise and you may get back less than you originally invested. The use of financial derivative instruments may result in increased gains or losses within the fund. The fund may be exposed to the risk of financial loss if a counterparty used for derivative instruments subsequently defaults.



Past performance is not a reliable indicator of future results. The fund's returns can be affected by fluctuations in currency exchange rates

Performance Comparator(s)

Peer Group Universe Morningstar EAA Fund UK Large-Cap Equity

Market index from 14.03.11 FTSE All Share Index

Market index is for comparative purposes only unless specifically referenced in the Objectives & Investment Policy on page 1. The same index is used in the positioning tables on this factsheet.

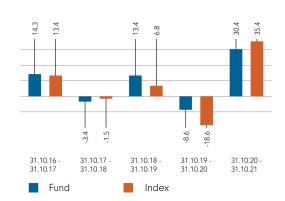
Where the effective date for the current market index is after the share class launch date, full history is available from Fidelity.

Cumulative performance in GBP (rebased to 100)



Performance is shown for the last five years (or since launch for funds launched within that period).

Performance for 12 month periods in GBP (%)



Performance for calendar years in GBP (%)



Volatility & Risk (3 years)

Annualised Volatility: fund (%)	14.74	Annualised Alpha	5.71
Relative Volatility	0.93	Beta	0.84
Sharpe Ratio: fund	0.69	Annualised Tracking Error (%)	6.85
Sharpe Ratio: index	0.32	Information Ratio	0.73
		R^2	0.81

Calculated using month-end data points. Definitions of these terms can be found in the Glossary section of this factsheet.

Performance to 31.10.21 in GBP (%)

							Since
	1m	3m	YTD	1yr	3yr	5yr	14.03.11*
Fund cumulative growth	3.3	3.8	15.7	30.4	35.1	49.2	150.1
Index cumulative growth	1.8	3.5	15.6	35.4	17.6	31.4	101.6
Fund annualised growth	=	-	=	30.4	10.6	8.3	9.0
Index annualised growth	-	-	-	35.4	5.6	5.6	6.8
Ranking within Peer Group Universe							
Y-ACC-GBP	1	16	5	34	1	1	
Total number of funds	55	55	51	48	43	38	
Quartile ranking**	1	2	1	3	1	1	

Source of fund performance and volatility and risk measures is Fidelity. Performance is excluding initial charge. Basis: nav-nav with income reinvested, in GBP, net of fees.

Market indices are sourced from RIMES and other data is sourced from third-party providers such as Morningstar.

If you took an initial charge of 5.25% from an investment, this is the equivalent of reducing a growth rate of 6% per annum over 5 years to 4.9%. This is the highest initial charge applicable, if the initial charge you pay is less than 5.25%, the impact on the overall performance will be less.

^{*}Performance commencement date.

^{**}Quartile rank is for the fund's primary share class as identified by Morningstar, which may be different than the share class detailed in this factsheet and refers to performance over time rated on a scale of 1-4. A ranking of 1 indicates that the item being ranked is in the top 25% of the sample and so on. Rankings are based on a performance record that is included in the Peer Group Universe. In line with Investment Association methodology, this record may include a track record extension from a legacy share class and the record may not be the same class of this factsheet. Quartile ranking is an internal Fidelity International calculation. Ranking may vary by share

FAST - UK FUND A-ACC-GBP

Introduction

This factsheet contains information about the composition of the fund at a particular point in time. It aims to help you understand how the fund manager is positioned to achieve the fund's objectives.

The Equity Exposure table below provides an overall view of the fund. Net Equity represents - in percentage terms - how much of the fund is invested in the market. The higher the figure, the more the fund will take part in any market rises (or falls). It is important to note that Net Equity can be greater than 100% (for example if the manager is using derivative contracts).

The Long and Short Equity figures are included to show how the manager is achieving the Net Equity amount.

The definitions section at the foot of the page provides a more comprehensive explanation of the individual elements in the table.

The history chart shows how Net Equity (and its constituent parts) has changed over time.

The exposure and positioning tables on page 4 break the fund down into a number of different views, each providing a different perspective on the fund's investments

How data is calculated and presented

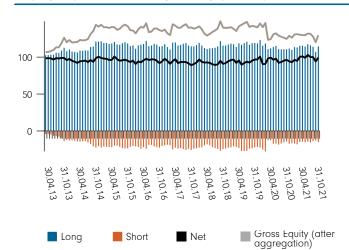
Portfolio composition data has been calculated and presented according to several general principles, which are listed below.

- Aggregation: all investments, including derivatives, linked to a particular issuing company have been combined to form a total percentage holding for each company. The aggregate holding is referred to in this factsheet as a position. Where a company is listed in two separate countries, each listing may be classified as a separate issuing company. Exchange Traded Funds (ETFs) and derivatives on ETFs are treated as individual securities ie not aggregated.
- **Categorisation:** for investments that have underlying securities we use the attributes of the underlying issuing company or common share to determine the appropriate sector, market capitalisation band and geographic area.
- **Derivatives:** all derivatives are included on an exposure basis and, where necessary, are delta-adjusted. Delta-adjusting expresses derivatives in terms of the equivalent number of shares that would be needed to generate the same return.
- "Basket" securities: securities that represent a number of company shares like index futures or options are allocated to categories (such as sector) whenever possible. Otherwise they are included in the "Other Index / Unclassified" category.

Equity Exposure (% TNA)

Exposure (% TNA) Net Equity 99.4 ...which is made up of Lona Equity 114.5 Short Equity -15.1 0.0 Other Uninvested Cash 0.6 100.0 Gross Equity (before aggregation) 129.6 Gross Equity (after aggregation) 129.6 Number of single Exposure stocks overwritten (% TNA) n Call overwriting 0.0

Equity Exposure: monthly history (% TNA)



Definition of terms:

Long Equity exposure: long positions are created through purchases of company shares or derivatives. They profit from share price increases and suffer losses if prices fall. Long Equity exposure is the total of the fund's long positions after aggregation.

Short Equity exposure: short positions are created through derivatives. They can allow the fund to profit from a fall in the price of an underlying share (although fund returns will be hurt if the price of the underlying share rises). Short Equity exposure is the total of the fund's short positions after aggregation.

Net Equity exposure: the percentage of the fund invested in the equity market. It is the difference between the long and the short exposures. For example, if the fund is 120% long and 25% short, the fund is 95% net invested.

Other: the value of any non-equity investments (excluding cash funds) expressed as a percentage of fund TNA.

Uninvested cash: this is 100% minus the fund's Net Equity exposure and minus Other. This leaves any residual cash exposure that is not invested in shares or via derivatives. **Gross Equity exposure:** this is shown before and after the aggregation of investments linked to a particular issuing company or basket security. Any difference between the two figures shows the fund is holding long and short exposure for the same company or basket security.

Call overwriting: this is a strategy used to commit to sell shares a fund already owns at a set price, in return for a payment. The payment is retained whether the shares are ultimately sold or not and therefore generates additional return for the fund (although it sets a limit on gains). The table shows the number of underlying single stocks overwritten as well as the total of all call overwriting exposure.

% TNA: Data is presented as a percentage of TNA, which stands for Total Net Assets (the value of all the fund's assets after the deduction of any liabilities)

Active Money

Active Money

90.5%

This is the sum of the fund's overweight positions (including effective cash) when compared to the market index

Sector/Industry Exposure (% TNA)

ICB Industry	Long	Short	Net	Index	Relative
Industrials	28.1	-4.1	24.1	13.0	11.0
Consumer Discretionary	25.6	-6.0	19.6	12.2	7.4
Financials	19.0	0.0	19.0	23.1	-4.2
Consumer Staples	13.0	-0.4	12.6	14.5	-1.8
Health Care	8.6	-1.0	7.6	10.1	-2.4
Technology	6.8	0.0	6.8	1.6	5.3
Energy	6.3	-1.7	4.6	8.5	-3.9
Basic Materials	4.4	0.0	4.4	9.0	-4.6
Real Estate	2.6	0.0	2.6	3.2	-0.6
Utilities	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.0	-3.0
Telecommunications	0.0	-1.9	-1.9	1.8	-3.8
Total Sector Exposure	114.5	-15.1	99.4	100.0	
Other Index / Unclassified	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Total Equity Exposure	114.5	-15.1	99.4	100.0	

Market Capitalisation Exposure (% TNA)

GBP	Long	Short	Net	Index	Relative
FTSE 100	63.7	-3.6	60.2	79.6	-19.4
FTSE 250	23.8	-2.5	21.3	17.1	4.2
FTSE Smallcap	6.5	0.0	6.5	3.3	3.1
Non FTSE	20.5	-9.0	11.5	0.0	11.5
Total Market Cap Exposure	114.5	-15.1	99.4	100.0	
Index / Unclassified Total Equity Exposure	0.0 114.5	0.0 -15.1	0.0 99.4	0.0 100.0	

Geographic Exposure (% TNA)

	Long	Short	Net	Index	Relative
United Kingdom	99.5	-8.4	91.2	100.0	-8.8
Switzerland	3.9	0.0	3.9	0.0	3.9
Denmark	4.7	-1.0	3.7	0.0	3.7
USA	3.4	-0.2	3.2	0.0	3.2
Ireland	2.9	0.0	2.9	0.0	2.9
Germany	0.0	-0.4	-0.4	0.0	-0.4
Austria	0.0	-1.4	-1.4	0.0	-1.4
Sweden	0.0	-3.6	-3.6	0.0	-3.6

Total Geographic Exposure	114.5	-15.1	99.4	100.0
Other Index / Unclassified	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Total Equity Exposure	114.5	-15.1	99.4	100.0

Top Net Long Positions (% TNA)

	ICB Industry	Geographic Location	Fund	Index	Relative
DIAGEO PLC	Consumer Staples	United Kingdom	5.3	3.4	1.9
UNILEVER PLC	Consumer Staples	United Kingdom	5.2	4.1	1.1
EXPERIAN PLC	Industrials	United Kingdom	5.1	1.2	3.9
ST JAMES'S PLACE PLC	Financials	United Kingdom	5.0	0.3	4.7
RELX PLC	Consumer Discretionary	United Kingdom	4.9	1.7	3.2
NOVO-NORDISK AS	Health Care	Denmark	4.7	0.0	4.7
NATWEST GRP PLC(UNGTD)	Financials	United Kingdom	4.7	0.5	4.2
AUTO TRADER GROUP PLC	Technology	United Kingdom	4.5	0.2	4.3
LLOYDS BANKING GROUP PLC	Financials	United Kingdom	4.4	1.4	2.9
ASHTEAD GROUP PLC	Industrials	United Kingdom	4.0	1.1	2.9

Top Overweight Positions (% TNA)

	Fund	Index	Relative
NOVO-NORDISK AS	4.7	0.0	4.7
ST JAMES'S PLACE PLC	5.0	0.3	4.7
AUTO TRADER GROUP PLC	4.5	0.2	4.3
NATWEST GRP PLC(UNGTD)	4.7	0.5	4.2
ROCHE HOLDING AG	3.9	0.0	3.9
EXPERIAN PLC	5.1	1.2	3.9
PIONEER NATURAL RESOURCES CO	3.4	0.0	3.4
HEADLAM GROUP PLC	3.3	0.0	3.3
NEXT PLC	3.6	0.4	3.2
RELX PLC	4.9	1.7	3.2

Top Underweight Positions (% TNA)

	Fund	Index	Relative	
ASTRAZENECA PLC	0.0	5.7	-5.7	
HSBC HOLDINGS PLC	0.0	3.7	-3.7	
GLAXOSMITHKLINE PLC	0.0	3.0	-3.0	
BP PLC	0.0	2.8	-2.8	
ROYAL DUTCH SHELL PLC	2.9	5.3	-2.5	
BRITISH AMERICAN TOBACCO PLC	0.0	2.4	-2.4	
Short Position - name withheld	-2.0	0.1	-2.0	
RIO TINTO PLC	0.0	2.0	-2.0	
GLENCORE PLC	0.0	2.0	-2.0	
Short Position - name withheld	-1.1	0.7	-1.8	

Net Long Positions Concentration (% TNA)

	Fund	Index
Top 10	47.9	34.4
Top 20	79.9	49.0
Top 50	114.5	68.2

Definition of terms:
Index: the index used in the positioning tables on this page is the index defined in the Performance Comparator(s) section on page 2 of this factsheet.

Top Net Long Positions: those companies in which the largest percentages of the fund's total net assets are effectively invested. Positions in other funds - including ETFs (Exchange Traded Funds) - can appear in this table, but index derivatives form part of an "Other Index / Unclassified" category which will not appear.

Top Overweight & Underweight Positions: those positions which have the largest active weight relative to the index. Positions in other funds - including ETFs (Exchange Traded Funds) - can appear in this table, but index derivatives form part of an "Other Index / Unclassified" category which will not appear. In the underweight table, any short position names have been withheld in line with Fidelity's disclosure policy.

Top Net Long Positions Concentration: illustrates the weight of the top 10, 20 and 50 positions in the fund and the weight of the top 10, 20 and 50 positions in the index. It does not attempt to show the coincidence of security ownership between fund and index.

The sector/industry classification used (ie GICS, ICB, TOPIX and IPD) varies by fund. Full descriptions of GICS, ICB, TOPIX and IPD can be found in the glossary. Figures may not always sum to totals due to rounding

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Attribution

Performance attribution is produced in the currency shown below. For funds with multiple share classes, the attribution return reflects the aggregate performance across all the share classes. It may therefore deviate from the published return for a particular share class. When using the analysis for hedged share classes, please consider that the attribution is shown before the impact of hedging.

The contributions shown in the tables are before the impact of charges. If charges are applied, their effect is captured in the "Other" category in the tables and will also be reflected in the fund return.

All investments, including derivatives, linked to a particular issuing company have been combined to form a total percentage for each issuing company.

The sector/industry and geographic contribution tables (where relevant) display a maximum of eleven individual entries. Where applicable, only top five and bottom five are listed, with the remaining contribution shown in the "Other Sectors" or "Others" category.

Currency of attribution UK Sterling (GBP)

One month relative return (%) 1.52

Position Contribution (%) 1 month

TOP CONTRIBUTORS	Average Relative Weight	Relative Performance Contribution	TOP DETRACTORS	Average Relative Weight	Relative Performance Contribution
Short Position - name withheld	-1.1	1.14	HSBC HOLDINGS PLC	-3.5	-0.38
NOVO-NORDISK AS	5.0	0.46	HEADLAM GROUP PLC	3.5	-0.30
Short Position - name withheld	-1.6	0.26	Short Position - name withheld	-1.1	-0.24
PIONEER NATURAL RESOURCES CO	3.3	0.22	TRUSTPILOT AS	0.8	-0.20
EXPERIAN PLC	3.6	0.21	GLAXOSMITHKLINE PLC	-2.9	-0.16
RIO TINTO PLC	-2.2	0.20	NATWEST GRP PLC(UNGTD)	4.3	-0.16
ASHTEAD GROUP PLC	2.6	0.17	NEXT PLC	3.1	-0.15
LLOYDS BANKING GROUP PLC	2.7	0.16	VICTREX PLC	2.1	-0.13
FERGUSON PLC	2.4	0.14	GENUIT GROUP PLC	1.8	-0.12
ST JAMES'S PLACE PLC	4.4	0.14	REDROW PLC	1.8	-0.10

Positions in other funds - including ETFs (Exchange Traded Funds) - can appear in this table, but index derivatives form part of an "Index / Unclassified" category which will appear in the table(s) below when relevant. Names of any positions being shorted at the reporting date have been withheld in line with Fidelity's disclosure policy.

Sector/Industry Contribution (%)

1 month

Geographic Contribution (%)

1 month

CONTRIBUTIONS TO RELATIVE RETURN

CONTRIBUTIONS TO RELATIVE RETURN

ICB INDUSTRY	Average Relative Weight	Security Selection	Sector/ Industry Selection	Total Relative Contribution		Average Relative Weight	Security Selection	Geographic Selection	Total Relative Contribution
Consumer Staples	-4.6	0.97	0.24	1.21	United Kingdom	-11.8	1.10	0.00	1.10
Industrials	8.4	0.33	0.37	0.70	Denmark	4.2	0.45	0.00	0.45
Telecommunications	-3.9	0.06	0.34	0.40	United States	3.1	0.20	0.00	0.20
Health Care	-1.8	0.34	0.04	0.38	Switzerland	3.8	0.07	0.00	0.07
Basic Materials	-4.8	-0.11	0.09	-0.02	Germany	-0.4	0.05	0.00	0.05
Energy	-3.3	-0.01	-0.04	-0.05	Canada	-0.1	0.00	-0.01	-0.01
Technology	3.8	0.05	-0.12	-0.07	Russia	-0.2	0.00	-0.01	-0.01
Real Estate	-0.8	-0.02	-0.05	-0.07	Belgium	-0.2	-0.01	0.00	-0.01
Utilities	-3.0	0.00	-0.11	-0.11	Ireland	1.7	-0.01	-0.02	-0.03
Financials	-4.3	-0.42	0.20	-0.22	Sweden	-3.5	-0.04	0.00	-0.04
Consumer Discretionary	9.7	-0.03	-0.27	-0.30	Others	-1.1	0.03	0.05	0.08
Total Primary Assets	-4.5	1.16	0.68	1.84	Total Primary Assets	-4.5	1.83	0.01	1.84
Other*	4.5			-0.32	Other*	4.5			-0.32
TOTAL	0.0			1.52	TOTAL	0.0			1.52

^{*}Other includes portfolio components not already listed such as cash, expenses and other miscellaneous items.

Glossary / additional notes

Volatility & Risk

Annualised volatility: a measure of how variable returns for a fund or comparative market index have been around their historical average (also known as "standard deviation"). Two funds may produce the same return over a period. The fund whose monthly returns have varied less will have a lower annualised volatility and will be considered to have achieved its returns with less risk. The calculation is the standard deviation of 36 monthly returns presented as an annualised number. Volatility for funds and indices are calculated independently of each other.

Relative volatility: a ratio calculated by comparing the annualised volatility of a fund to the annualised volatility of a comparative market index. A value greater than 1 indicates the fund has been more volatile than the index. A value less than 1 shows the fund has been less volatile than the index. A relative volatility of 1.2 means the fund has been 20% more volatile than the index, while a measure of 0.8 would mean the fund has been 20% less volatile than the index.

Sharpe ratio: a measure of a fund's risk-adjusted performance, taking into account the return on a risk-free investment. The ratio allows an investor to assess whether the fund is generating adequate returns for the level of risk it is taking. The higher the ratio, the better the risk-adjusted performance has been. If the ratio is negative, the fund has returned less than the risk-free rate. The ratio is calculated by subtracting the risk-free return (such as cash) in the relevant currency from the fund's return, then dividing the result by the fund's volatility. It is calculated using annualised numbers.

Annualised alpha: the difference between a fund's expected return (based on its beta) and the fund's actual return. A fund with a positive alpha has delivered more return than would be expected

Beta: a measure of a fund's sensitivity to market movements (as represented by a market index). The beta of the market is 1.00 by definition. A beta of 1.10 shows that the fund could be expected to perform 10% better than the index in up markets and 10% worse in down markets, assuming all other factors remain constant. Conversely, a beta of 0.85 indicates that the fund could be expected to perform 15% worse than the market return during up markets and 15% better during down markets.

Annualised tracking error: a measure showing how closely a fund follows the index to which it is being compared. It is the standard deviation of the fund's excess returns. The higher the fund's tracking error, the higher the variability of fund returns around the market index.

Information ratio: a measure of a fund's effectiveness in generating excess return for the level of risk taken. An information ratio of 0.5 shows the fund has delivered an annualised excess return equivalent to half the value of the tracking error. The ratio is calculated by taking the fund's annualised excess return and dividing it by the fund's tracking error.

R2: a measure representing the degree to which a fund's return can be explained by the returns of a comparative market index. A value of 1 signifies the fund and index are perfectly correlated. A measure of 0.5 means only 50% of the fund's performance can be explained by the index. If the R2 is 0.5 or lower, the fund's beta (and therefore its alpha too) is not a reliable measure (due to a low correlation between fund and index).

Ungoing charges
The ongoing charges figure represents the charges taken from the fund over a year. It is calculated at the fund's financial year end and may vary from year to year. For classes of funds with fixed ongoing charges, this may not vary from year to year. For new classes of funds or classes undergoing corporate actions (eg amendment to annual management charge), the ongoing charges figure is estimated until the criteria are met for an actual ongoing charges figure to be published.
The types of charges included in the ongoing charges figure are management fees, administration fees, custodian and depositary fees and transaction charges, shareholder reporting costs, regulatory registration fees, Directors fees (where applicable) and bank charges.
It excludes: performance fees (where applicable); portfolio transaction costs, except in the case of an entry/exit charge paid by the fund when buying or selling units in another collective investment undertaking.

undertaking.

For more information about charges (including details of the fund's financial year end), please consult the charges section in the most recent Prospectus.

Historic yield

The historic yield for a fund is based on its dividends declared over the preceding 12 months. It is calculated by summing the dividend rates declared in that period, divided by the price as at the date of publication. Declared dividends may not be confirmed and may be subject to change. Where 12 months of declared dividend data does not exist a historic yield will not be published.

GICS: The Global Industry Classification Standard is a taxonomy mainly used across MSCI and S&P indices in which each company is assigned by its principal business activity to one of 11 sectors, 24 dustry groups, 69 industries and 158 sub-industries. More information is available at http://www.msci.com/gics

ICB: The Industry Classification Benchmark is a taxonomy mainly used across FTSE Russell indices in which each company is assigned by its principal business activity to one of 11 industries, 20 supersectors, 45 sectors and 173 subsectors. More information is available at https://www.ftserussell.com/data/industry-classification-benchmark-icb

TOPIX: Tokyo stock Price Index, commonly known as TOPIX, is a stock market index for the Tokyo Stock Exchange (TSE) in Japan, tracking all domestic companies of the exchange's First Section. It is calculated and published by the TSE

IPD means the Investment Property Databank who are a provider of performance analysis and benchmarking services for investors in real estate. IPD UK Pooled Property Funds Index - All Balanced Funds is a component of the IPD Pooled Funds Indices which is published quarterly by IPD.

Scope Fund Rating: The rating measures how well a fund has balanced risk and reward relative to its peers. The rating is based solely on performance for funds with a five year track record. Funds with a shorter history also undergo qualitative assessment. For example, this may include looking at management style. The rating scale is A = very good, B = good, C = average, D = below average and E = poor.

Morningstar Star Rating for Funds: The rating measures how well a fund has balanced risk and reward relative to its peers. Star ratings are strictly based on past performance and Morningstar suggests investors use them to identify funds that are worthy for further research. The top 10% of funds in a category will receive a 5-star rating and the next 22.5% receive a 4-star rating. Only ratings of 4 or 5 stars are displayed on the factsheet.

Morningstar Style Box: The Morningstar Style Box is a nine-square grid that provides a graphical representation of the investment style of funds. It is based on fund holdings and classifies funds according to market capitalisation (the vertical axis) and growth and value factors (the horizontal axis). The value and growth factors are based on measures such as earnings, cashflow and dividend yield and use both historical and forward-looking data.

Primary share class: is identified by Morningstar when the analysis calls for only one share class per fund to be in the peer group. It is the share class Morningstar recommends as the best proxy for the portfolio for the relevant market and category/GIF combination. In most cases the share class chosen will be the most retail version (based upon actual management charge, inception date, distribution status, currency and other factors) unless a share class that is less retailed focused has a much longer track record. It is different to the oldest share class data point in that it is on an available for sale level and not all markets will have the oldest share class for sale in that region. The Primary share class is also based on category so each available for sale/category combination for the fund will have it own primary share class. for the fund will have its own primary share class

Portfolio Turnover Rate (PTR) and Portfolio Turnover Cost (PTC), where shown: SRDII does not define a methodology for these values; ours is as follows: PTR = (purchases of securities + sales of securities) minus (subscriptions of units + redemptions of units), divided by average fund value over the prior 12 months multiplied by 100. Any funds' trading in Fidelity Institutional Liquidity Funds is excluded from the PTR calculation. PTC = PTR (capped at 100%) x transaction cost, where transaction cost is calculated as ex-post (i.e. prior 12 months) MiFID disclosure of portfolio transaction costs minus implicit costs.



FAST - UK FUND A-ACC-GBP

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