## 31 JULY 2015

## Approach and Style

Steffen Winnefeld believes stock prices deviate from a company's intrinsic value, driven by cyclical factors and fluctuations in investor sentiment. By assessing the intrinsic value of the companies in his universe, he is able to take advantage of these opportunities. He believes investment performance is driven by two key factors: (i) a conservative valuation approach, with a requirement for sizeable risk-adjusted returns and (ii) avoiding permanent loss of capital. His process is therefore focussed on absolute valuation and analysis of potential downside risk. The portfolio is managed using an "active strategy". This allows Steffen to use short positions and also to increase the amount invested in the long portfolio when he finds attractive investment opportunities. He can also use options to enhance return and manage risk. The typical range for net market exposure will be around 90-110% of fund TNA under normal market conditions.

## **Fund Facts**

Launch date: 31.01.12 Portfolio manager: Steffen Winnefeld Appointed to fund: 31.01.12 Years at Fidelity: 11 Fund Size: €31m Number of positions in fund\*: Long 35 / Short 19 Fund reference currency: Euro (EUR) Fund domicile: Luxembourg Fund legal structure: SICAV Management company: FIL Investment Management (Luxembourg) S.A. Capital guarantee: No

\*A definition of positions can be found on page 3 of this factsheet in the section titled "How data is calculated and presented."

## **Objectives & Investment Policy**

- Aims to provide long-term capital growth. At least 70% invested in a focused portfolio of shares and related instruments that provide exposure to companies that have their head office or main part of their activity in Europe
- Has the freedom to invest outside the fund's principal aeographies, market sectors, industries or asset classes.
- Can use derivatives with the aim of risk or cost reduction or to generate additional capital or income in line with the fund's risk profile. May also make extensive use of derivatives including more complex instruments or strategies to achieve the investment objective and these may result in leverage. In such situations performance may rise or fall more than it would have done otherwise, reflecting such additional exposure.
- The fund has discretion in its choices of investments within its objectives and policies. Income is accumulated in the share price.
- Shares can usually be bought and sold each business day of the fund. This fund may not be appropriate for investors who plan to sell their shares in the
- fund within 5 years. Investment in the fund should be regarded as a long-term investment.
- With effect from 19 August 2015 this fund will be closed.

# **Share Class Facts**

Other share classes may be available. Please refer to the prospectus for more details.

Launch date: 31.01.12 NAV price in share class currency: 173.34 ISIN: LU0730659686 SEDOL: B6SBDG3 WKN: A17577 Bloomberg: FASEOAA LX Dealing cut-off: 12:00 UK time (normally 13:00 Central European Time) Distribution type: Accumulating Charges made to income or capital: Income Ongoing Charges Figure (OCF) per year: 1.96% (30.09.14) OCF takes into account annual management charge per year: 1.50% Performance fee: 20% of the out-performance if the class exceeds the return of the

MSCI Europe Index by more than 2% annualised. 0.00% year ended 30.09.14.

## Independent Assessment

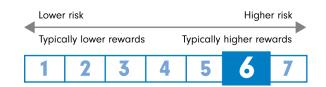
Information in this section is the latest available at date of publication. Further details can be found in the Glossary section of this factsheet. As some ratings agencies may use past performance to produce their assessments, these are not a reliable indicator of future results.

#### Morningstar Style Box ®



## Share Class Risk and Reward Profile

This risk indicator is taken from the Key Investor Document (KIID) at the relevant monthend. Because it may be updated during a month, please refer to the KIID for the most up-to-date information



- The risk category was calculated using historical performance data.
- The risk category may not be a reliable indication of the future risk profile of the fund, is not guaranteed and may change over time. The lowest category does not mean a "risk free" investment.
- The risk and reward profile is classified by the level of historical fluctuation of the Net Asset Values of the share class, and within this classification, categories 1-2 indicate a low level of historical fluctuations, 3-5 a medium level and 6-7 a high level



Before investing you should read the Key Investor Information Document (KIID). Details of where the KIID is available are on the last page of this factsheet. The value of investments and any income from them may go down as well as up and an investor may not get back the amount invested. Where an investor's own currency is different to the currency of the fund's investments, the fund's returns can be affected by fluctuations in currency exchange rates. The use of financial derivative instruments may result in increased gains or losses within the fund. The performance of the fund may be adversely affected by a default of a counterparty used for derivative instruments.

This information is for Investment Professionals only and should not be relied upon by private investors



## MONTHLY PROFESSIONAL FACTSHEET

## 31 JULY 2015

These figures relate to the fund's past performance, which is not a reliable indicator of future results. The value of investments and any income from them may go down as well as up and an investor may not get back the amount invested.

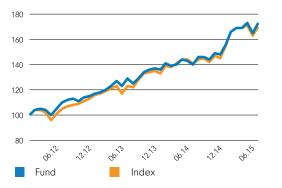
## Performance Comparator(s)

 Peer Group Universe
 Morningstar GIF Europe Large Cap Blend Equity

 Market index from 31.01.12
 MSCI EUROPE (N)

Market index is for comparative purposes only unless specifically referenced in the Objectives & Investment Policy on page 1. The same index is used in the positioning tables on this factsheet. Where the effective date for the current market index is after the share class launch date, full history is available from Fidelity.

### Cumulative performance in EUR (rebased to 100)

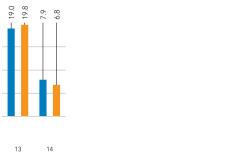


Performance for 12 month periods in EUR (%)



Performance is shown for the last five years (or since launch for funds launched within that period).

## Performance for calendar years in EUR (%)



Appugliced Velatility, fund (%)	9.05	

Volatility & Risk (3 years)

Annualised Volatility: fund (%)	8.95	Annualised Alpha	0.78
Relative Volatility	0.96	Beta	0.90
Sharpe Ratio: fund	1.72	Annualised Tracking Error (%)	3.41
		Information Ratio	-0.31
		R <sup>2</sup>	0.87

Definitions of these terms can be found in the Glossary section of this factsheet.

Fund Index

## Performance to 31.07.15 in EUR (%)

		_			_	_	Since
	1m	3m	YTD	1yr	3yr	5yr	31.01.12*
Fund cumulative growth	4.8	2.7	17.3	23.6	57.0	-	73.3
Index cumulative growth	4.0	0.6	17.3	19.9	61.3	75.6	69.6
Fund annualised growth	-	-	-	23.6	16.2	-	17.0
Index annualised growth	-	-	-	19.9	17.3	11.9	16.3
Ranking within Peer Group Universe							
A-ACC-Euro	29	40	167	63	133	-	
Total number of funds	295	295	282	269	231	-	
Quartile ranking**	1	1	3	1	3	-	

Source of fund performance and volatility and risk measures is Fidelity. Performance is excluding initial charge.

Basis: nav-nav with gross income reinvested, in EUR, net of fees.

Market indices are sourced from RIMES and other data is sourced from third-party providers such as Morningstar.

\*Performance commencement date.

\*\*Quartile rank refers to performance over time rated on a scale of 1-4. A ranking of 1 indicates that the item being ranked is in the top 25% of the sample and so on. Rankings are based on a share class that is included in the Peer Group Universe, and may not be the share class of this factsheet over the entire period.

### 31 JULY 2015

### Introduction

This factsheet contains information about the composition of the fund at a particular point in time. It aims to help you understand how the fund manager is positioned to achieve the fund's objectives.

The Equity Exposure table below provides an overall view of the fund. Net Equity represents - in percentage terms - how much of the fund is invested in the market. The higher the figure, the more the fund will take part in any market rises (or falls). It is important to note that Net Equity can be greater than 100% (for example if the manager is using derivative contracts).

The Long and Short Equity figures are included to show how the manager is achieving the Net Equity amount.

The definitions section at the foot of the page provides a more comprehensive explanation of the individual elements in the table.

The history chart shows how Net Equity (and its constituent parts) has changed over time.

The exposure and positioning tables on page 4 break the fund down into a number of different views, each providing a different perspective on the fund's investments.

## How data is calculated and presented

Portfolio composition data has been calculated and presented according to several general principles, which are listed below.

- Aggregation: all investments, including derivatives, linked to a particular issuing company have been combined to form a total percentage holding for each company. The aggregate holding is referred to in this factsheet as a position. Where a company is listed in two separate countries, each listing may be classified as a separate issuing company. Exchange Traded Funds (ETFs) and derivatives on ETFs are treated as individual securities – ie not aggregated.

- **Categorisation**: for investments that have underlying securities we use the attributes of the underlying issuing company or common share to determine the appropriate sector, market capitalisation band and geographic area.

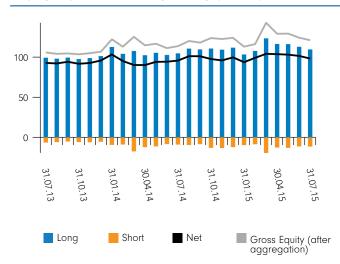
- **Derivatives**: all derivatives are included on an exposure basis and, where necessary, are delta-adjusted. Delta-adjusting expresses derivatives in terms of the equivalent number of shares that would be needed to generate the same return.

- **"Basket" securities**: securities that represent a number of company shares – like index futures or options – are allocated to categories (such as country) whenever possible. Otherwise they are included in the "Other Index / Unclassified" category.

## Equity Exposure (% TNA)

		Exposure (% TNA)
Net Equity		98.2
which is made up of		
Long Equity		109.6
Short Equity		-11.5
Other		0.0
Uninvested Cash		1.8
		100.0
Gross Equity (before aggregation)		121.1
Gross Equity (after aggregation)		121.1
Number of sing stocks overwritte		Exposure (% TNA)
Call overwriting	0	0.0

## Equity Exposure: monthly history (% TNA)



#### Definition of terms:

Long Equity exposure: long positions are created through purchases of company shares or derivatives. They profit from share price increases and suffer losses if prices fall. Long Equity exposure is the total of the fund's long positions after aggregation.

Short Equity exposure: short positions are created through derivatives. They can allow the fund to profit from a fall in the price of an underlying share (although fund returns will be hurt if the price of the underlying share rises). Short Equity exposure is the total of the fund's short positions after aggregation.

Net Equity exposure: the percentage of the fund invested in the equity market. It is the difference between the long and the short exposures. For example, if the fund is 120% long and 25% short, the fund is 95% net invested.

Other: the value of any non-equity investments (excluding cash funds) expressed as a percentage of fund TNA.

Uninvested cash: this is 100% minus the fund's Net Equity exposure and minus Other. This leaves any residual cash exposure that is not invested in shares or via derivatives. Gross Equity exposure: this is shown before and after the aggregation of investments linked to a particular issuing company or basket security. Any difference between the two figures shows the fund is holding long and short exposure for the same company or basket security.

Call overwriting: this is a strategy used to commit to sell shares a fund already owns at a set price, in return for a payment. The payment is retained whether the shares are ultimately sold or not and therefore generates additional return for the fund (although it sets a limit on gains). The table shows the number of underlying single stocks overwritten as well as the total of all call overwriting exposure.

% TNA: Data is presented as a percentage of TNA, which stands for Total Net Assets (the value of all the fund's assets after the deduction of any liabilities).

## Active Money

#### Active Money

90.4%

This is the sum of the fund's overweight positions (including effective cash) when compared to the market index.

### 31 JULY 2015

Index

22.6

45.9

31.4

0.0

0.0

0.0

100.0

100.0

0.0

Relative

5.7

5.8

4.4

5.1

5.3

3.9

38

3.0

4.1

3.3

Relative

-2.0

-16

-1.4

-1.3

-1.3

-1.2

-11

-11

-1.1

-1.0

Net

35.1

27.2

23.5

6.9

3.3

2.1

98.2

0.0

98.2

Index

2.8

23

2.8

1.5

0.1

0.5

0.5

1.3

0.2

0.9

Index

2.0

10

14

1.3

1.3

1.2

11

11

1.1

1.0

Relative

12.5

-18.7

-8.0

6.9

3.3

2.1

## Sector/Industry Exposure (% TNA)

GICS Sector	Long	Short	Net	Index	Relative
Health Care	23.3	0.0	23.3	14.1	9.2
Consumer Discretionary	25.0	-4.8	20.2	11.6	8.7
Consumer Staples	18.7	0.0	18.7	13.8	4.9
Financials	18.6	0.0	18.6	23.3	-4.7
Information Technology	7.0	-0.5	6.5	3.4	3.1
Energy	6.5	-0.7	5.8	6.8	-1.1
Telecommunication Services	3.9	0.0	3.9	5.0	-1.2
Materials	2.4	-0.8	1.6	7.2	-5.6
Utilities	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.9	-3.9
Industrials	4.3	-4.5	-0.3	11.0	-11.3
Total Sector Exposure	109.6	-11.5	98.2	100.0	
Other Index / Unclassified	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Total Equity Exposure	109.6	-11.5	98.2	100.0	

## Market Capitalisation Exposure (% TNA)

EUR	Long	Short	Net	Index	Relative
>10bn	94.2	-4.6	89.6	85.5	4.1
5-10bn	10.6	-2.3	8.3	10.1	-1.8
1-5bn	2.7	-4.6	-1.9	2.5	-4.4
0-1bn	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Total Market Cap Exposure	107.5	-11.5	96.0	98.0	
Index / Unclassified Total Equity Exposure	2.2 109.6	0.0 -11.5	2.2 98.2	2.0 100.0	

Long

36.6

31.0

26.6

9.3

4.0

2.1

109.6

109.6

0.0

Short

-1.5

-3.8

-3.1

-2.5

-0.6

0.0

-11.5

0.0

-11.5

Fund

8.5

82

7.2

6.6

5.4

4.4

44

4.3

4.3

4.2

Fund

0.0

-0.6

00

0.0

0.0

0.0

0.0

00

0.0

0.0

## Regional Exposure (% TNA)

Europe (non-Eurozone/UK)

Total Regional Exposure

**Total Equity Exposure** 

Other Index / Unclassified

Europe (Eurozone)

North America

Emerging Asia

UK

Japan

Country

Switzerland

Switzerland

Switzerland

Switzerland

United Kingdom

HSBC HOLDINGS PLC

NOVO-NORDISK AS

GLAXOSMITHKLINE PLC

VODAFONE GROUP PLC

BANCO SANTANDER SA

ANHEUSER BUSCH INBEV SA NV

Short Position - name withheld

Top Underweight Positions (% TNA)

France

France

France

Norway

Germany

BAYER AG

SIEMENS AG

BP PLC

Country Exposure	<b>(</b> %	TNA)
------------------	------------	------

	Long	Short	Net	Index	Relative
Switzerland	32.4	0.0	32.4	14.6	17.8
United Kingdom	26.6	-3.1	23.5	31.4	-8.0
France	21.5	-1.6	19.8	15.0	4.8
USA	9.3	-2.5	6.9	0.0	6.9
Germany	6.1	-0.6	5.5	13.7	-8.2
Norway	4.3	0.0	4.3	0.9	3.3
Netherlands	2.5	0.0	2.5	4.1	-1.6
Japan	2.1	0.0	2.1	0.0	2.1
Korea (South)	1.8	0.0	1.8	0.0	1.8
China	2.2	-0.6	1.6	0.0	1.6
Other Countries	0.9	-3.1	-2.1	20.2	-22.3
Total Country Exposure	109.6	-11.5	98.2	100.0	
Other Index / Unclassified	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Total Equity Exposure	109.6	-11.5	98.2	100.0	

## Top Net Long Positions (% TNA)

NOVARTIS AG
ROCHE HOLDING LTD
NESTLE SA
SANOFI
CHRISTIAN DIOR SE
COMPAGNIE FIN RICHEM AG SWITZ
L'OREAL SA
BRITISH AMERICAN TOBACCO PLC
DNB ASA
ALLIANZ SE

Health Care Health Care Consumer Staples Health Care Consumer Discretionary Consumer Discretionary Consumer Staples Consumer Staples Financials Financials

GICS Sector

## Top Overweight Positions (% TNA)

	Fund	Index	Relative
ROCHE HOLDING LTD	8.2	2.3	5.8
NOVARTIS AG	8.5	2.8	5.7
CHRISTIAN DIOR SE	5.4	0.1	5.3
SANOFI	6.6	1.5	5.1
NESTLE SA	7.2	2.8	4.4
DNB ASA	4.3	0.2	4.1
COMPAGNIE FIN RICHEM AG SWITZ	4.4	0.5	3.9
L'OREAL SA	4.4	0.5	3.8
ALLIANZ SE	4.2	0.9	3.3
TAYLOR WIMPEY PLC	3.4	0.1	3.2

## Net Long Positions Concentration (% TNA)

	Fund	Index	
	Tulla	muex	
Top 10	57.4	18.7	
Top 20	86.8	29.4	
Top 50	109.6	49.4	

Definition of terms.

Luperinition of terms: Index: the index used in the positioning tables on this page is the index defined in the Performance Comparator(s) section on page 2 of this factsheet. Top Net Long Positions: those companies in which the largest percentages of the fund's total net assets are effectively invested. Positions in other funds - including ETFs (Exchange Traded Funds) - can appear in this table, but index derivatives form part of an "Other Index / Unclassified" category which will not appear. Top Overweight & Underweight Positions: those positions which have the largest active weight relative to the index. Positions in other funds - including ETFs (Exchange Traded Funds) - can appear in this table, but index derivatives form part of an "Other Index / Unclassified" category which will not appear. Top Net Long Positions: in this table, but index derivatives form part of an "Other Index / Unclassified" category which will not appear. Top Net Long Positions Concentration: illustrates the weight of the top 10, 20 and 50 positions in the fund and the weight of the top 10, 20 and 50 positions in the index. The sector/industry classification used (ie GICS, ICB, TOPIX and IPD) varies by fund. Full descriptions of GICS, ICB, TOPIX and IPD can be found in the glossary.

### 31 JULY 2015

## Attribution

Performance attribution is produced in the currency shown below. For funds with multiple share classes, the attribution return reflects the aggregate performance across all the share classes. It may therefore deviate from the published return for a particular share class. When using the analysis for hedged share classes, please consider that the attribution is shown before the impact of hedging.

The contributions shown in the tables are before the impact of charges. If charges are applied, their effect is captured in the "Other" category in the tables and will also be reflected in the fund return.

All investments, including derivatives, linked to a particular issuing company have been combined to form a total percentage for each issuing company.

The sector/industry and country contribution tables (where relevant) display a maximum of ten individual sectors/industries or countries. For funds investing in more than ten sectors/industries or countries, only top five and bottom five are listed, with the contribution from other sectors/industries or countries shown in the "Other Sectors" or "Other Countries" category.

Currency of attribution	Euro (EUR)
One month relative return (%)	0.86

## Position Contribution (%)

1 month

TOP CONTRIBUTORS	Average Relative Weight	Relative Performance Contribution	TOP DETRACTORS	Average Relative Weight	Relative Performance Contribution
SANOFI	4.1	0.27	BAIDU INC	2.1	-0.44
GOOGLE INC	0.8	0.26	VOLKSWAGEN AG	1.3	-0.24
BRITISH AMERICAN TOBACCO PLC	2.3	0.21	BAKER HUGHES INC	2.7	-0.24
Short Position - name withheld	-0.6	0.20	POLARIS INDUSTRIES INC	1.7	-0.20
CHRISTIAN DIOR SE	4.4	0.19	DNB ASA	3.6	-0.18
BP PLC	-1.4	0.14	LLOYDS BANKING GROUP PLC	2.5	-0.18
NOVARTIS AG	5.2	0.14	HOMESERVE PLC	1.0	-0.17
RELX NV	1.8	0.14	TRIPADVISOR INC	1.1	-0.17
COMPAGNIE FIN RICHEM AG SWITZ	3.2	0.13	DIAGEO PLC	1.7	-0.13
Short Position - name withheld	-0.8	0.12	TEXTRON INC	0.5	-0.07

Positions in other funds - including ETFs (Exchange Traded Funds) - can appear in this table, but index derivatives form part of an "Index / Unclassified" category which will appear in the table(s) below when relevant. Names of any positions being shorted at the reporting date have been withheld in line with Fidelity's disclosure policy.

Sector/Industry Contribution (%)				1 month	Country Contribution (%)				1 month
CONTRIBUTIONS TO RELATIVE RETURN					CONTRIBUTIONS TO RELATIVE RETURN				
GICS SECTOR	Average Relative Weight	Security Selection	Sector/ Industry Selection	Total Relative Contribution		Average Relative Weight	Security Selection	Country Selection	Total Relative Contribution
Materials	-6.0	0.09	0.33	0.42	France	3.6	0.60	0.06	0.66
Consumer Discretionary	9.3	0.47	-0.19	0.28	United Kingdom	-6.5	0.29	0.06	0.36
Health Care	8.6	-0.14	0.28	0.15	Switzerland	14.8	0.04	0.21	0.25
Energy	-1.9	-0.02	0.11	0.09	Netherlands	-2.3	0.07	0.03	0.10
Industrials	-9.4	0.12	-0.04	0.08	Sweden	-5.8	-0.02	0.11	0.09
Consumer Staples	2.3	0.04	0.03	0.07	Denmark	-2.7	-0.01	-0.08	-0.09
Utilities	-3.9	0.00	-0.01	-0.01	Norway	2.8	0.04	-0.17	-0.13
Telecommunication Services	-1.7	0.01	-0.03	-0.02	Germany	-7.6	-0.26	0.04	-0.21
Information Technology	3.5	-0.06	-0.06	-0.12	China	1.5	-0.23	0.00	-0.23
Financials	-3.9	-0.22	-0.02	-0.25	United States	9.3	-0.25	0.00	-0.25
					Other Countries	-10.1	0.25	-0.09	0.16
Index / Unclassified	3.6	0.00	0.00	0.00	Index / Unclassified	3.6	0.00	0.00	0.00
Total Primary Assets	0.6	0.29	0.40	0.69	Total Primary Assets	0.6	0.51	0.17	0.69
Other*	-0.6			0.17	Other*	-0.6			0.17
TOTAL	0.0			0.86	TOTAL	0.0			0.86

\*Other includes portfolio components not already listed such as cash, expenses and other miscellaneous items.

## 31 JULY 2015

## Glossary / additional notes

#### Volatility & Risk

Annualised volatility: a measure of how variable returns for a fund or comparative market index have been around their historical average (also known as "standard deviation"). Two funds may produce the same return over a period. The fund whose monthly returns have varied less will have a lower annualised volatility and will be considered to have achieved its returns with less risk. The calculation is the standard deviation of 36 monthly returns presented as an annualised number. Volatility for funds and indices are calculated independently of each other.

**FAST - EUROPEAN OPPORTUNITIES FUND A-ACC-EURO** 

Relative volatility: a ratio calculated by comparing the annualised volatility of a fund to the annualised volatility of a comparative market index. A value greater than 1 indicates the fund has been more volatile than the index. A value less than 1 shows the fund has been less volatile than the index. A relative volatility of 1.2 means the fund has been 20% more volatile than the index, while a measure of 0.8 would mean the fund has been 20% less volatile than the index.

Sharpe ratio: a measure of a fund's risk-adjusted performance, taking into account the return on a risk-free investment. The ratio allows an investor to assess whether the fund is generating adequate returns for the level of risk it is taking. The higher the ratio, the better the risk-adjusted performance has been. If the ratio is negative, the fund has returned iess than the risk-free rate. The ratio is calculated by subtracting the risk-free return (such as cash) in the relevant currency from the fund's return, then dividing the result by the fund's volatility. It is calculated using annualised numbers.

Annualised alpha: the difference between a fund's expected return (based on its beta) and the fund's actual return. A fund with a positive alpha has delivered more return than would be expected given its beta.

Beta: a measure of a fund's sensitivity to market movements (as represented by a market index). The beta of the market is 1.00 by definition. A beta of 1.10 shows that the fund could be expected to perform 10% better than the index in up markets and 10% worse in down markets, assuming all other factors' remain constant. Conversely, a beta of 0.85 indicates that the fund could be expected to perform 15% worse than the market return during up markets and 15% better during down markets.

Annualised tracking error: a measure showing how closely a fund follows the index to which it is being compared. It is the standard deviation of the fund's excess returns. The higher the fund's tracking error, the higher the variability of fund returns around the market index.

Information ratio: a measure of a fund's effectiveness in generating excess return for the level of risk taken. An information ratio of 0.5 shows the fund has delivered an annualised excess return equivalent to half the value of the tracking error. The ratio is calculated by taking the fund's annualised excess return and dividing it by the fund's tracking error

R<sup>2</sup>: a measure representing the degree to which a fund's return can be explained by the returns of a comparative market index. A value of 1 signifies the fund and index are perfectly correlated. A measure of 0.5 means only 50% of the fund's performance can be explained by the index. If the R2 is 0.5 or lower, the fund's beta (and therefore its alpha too) is not a reliable measure (due to a low correlation between fund and index).

#### Ongoing charges

The ongoing charges figure represents the charges taken from the fund over a year. It is calculated at the fund's financial year end and may vary from year to year. For new funds, the ongoing charges figure is estimated until the fund's financial year end.

The types of charges included in the ongoing charges figure are management fees, administration fees, custodian and depositary fees and transaction charges, shareholder reporting costs, regulatory registration fees, Directors fees (where applicable) and bank charges.

It excludes: performance fees (where applicable); portfolio transaction costs, except in the case of an entry/exit charge paid by the fund when buying or selling units in another collective investment undertaking

For more information about charges (including details of the fund's financial year end), please consult the charges section in the most recent Prospectus.

#### Historic yield

Where shown, this is a percentage calculated by taking the fund's distributions over the prior 12 months divided by the fund's net asset value at the factsheet date.

#### Sector/industry classification

GICS: Global Industry Classification Standard (GICS) was developed by Standard & Poor's and MSCI Barra. GICS consists of 10 sectors, 24 industry groups, 68 industries and 154 sub-industries. More information is available at http://www.standardandpoors.com/indices/gics/en/us

ICB: The Industry Classification Benchmark (ICB) is an industry classification developed by Dow Jones and FTSE. It is used to segregate markets into sectors within the macroeconomy. The ICB uses a system of 10 industries, partitioned into 20 supersectors, which are further divided into 41 sectors, which then contain 114 subsectors. More information is available at http://www.icbenchmark.com/

TOPIX: Tokyo stock Price Index, commonly known as TOPIX, is a stock market index for the Tokyo Stock Exchange (TSE) in Japan, tracking all domestic companies of the exchange's First Section. It is calculated and published by the TSE.

IPD means the Investment Property Databank who are a provider of performance analysis and benchmarking services for investors in real estate. IPD UK Pooled Property Funds Index - All Balanced Funds is a component of the IPD Pooled Funds Indices which is published quarterly by IPD.

#### Independent Assessment

Feri Fund Rating: The rating measures how well a fund has balanced risk and reward relative to its peers. The rating is based solely on performance for funds with a five year track record. Funds with a shorter history also undergo qualitative assessment. For example, this may include looking at management style. The rating scale is A = very good, B = good, C = average, D = below average and E = poor.

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Morningstar Style Box: The Morningstar Style Box is a nine-square grid that provides a graphical representation of the investment style of funds. It is based on fund holdings and classifies funds according to market capitalisation (the vertical axis) and growth and value factors (the horizontal axis). The value and growth factors are based on measures such as earnings, cashflow and dividend yield and use both historical and forward-looking data.



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